

Algebra 2 Chapter 4 Test – Part 1 - Review

Name Kev  
Per: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Consider the function  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 8x + 4$

- a. What type of graph will this be? How do you know?

Parabola b/c of the  $x^2$

- b. Will the graph open up or down? Justify.

up  $a = 2 > 0$

- c. Find the *equation* of the axis of symmetry.

$$X = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-8)}{2(2)} = \frac{8}{4} = 2 \quad X = 2$$

- d. Find the vertex.

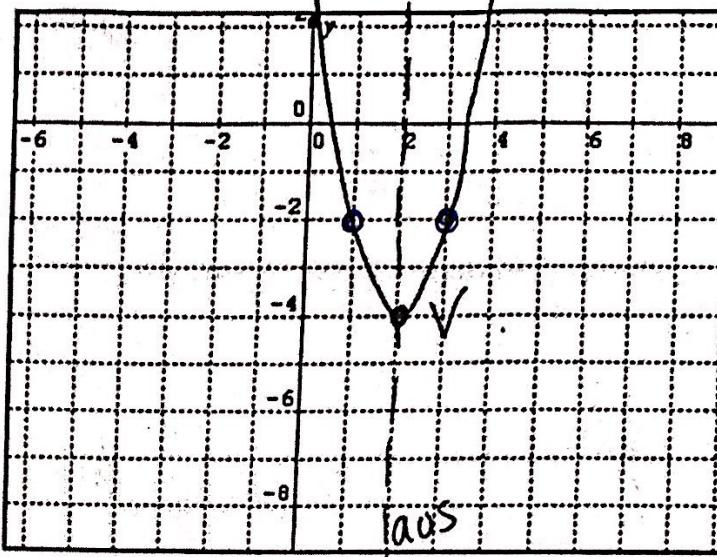
$$2(2)^2 - 8(2) + 4 \quad (2, -4)$$

$$2(4) - 16 + 4$$

e. Find the y-intercept.

$$-8 + 4 \quad (0, 4)$$

- g. Graph the function, labeling the y-intercept, vertex, and axis of symmetry.



- f. Does the graph have a maximum or minimum value? What is the value?

min @ -4

2. Consider the function  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 1)^2 + 3$

- a. State the transformations.

ROX, Comp( $\frac{1}{2}$ ), Right 1, Up 3

- b. Find the vertex.

$$(1, 3)$$

- c. Does the parabola open up or down? Justify. down  $a = -1/2 < 0$

- d. State the domain and range of the function in *interval notation*.

D: ~~all real numbers~~ R: ~~all real numbers~~

D:  $\mathbb{R}$

R:  $y \leq 3$

3. Write a quadratic equation in *standard form* given the roots: -3, 2

$$y = (x + 3)(x - 2)$$

$$x^2 + x - 6$$

$$y = x^2 + x - 6$$

Factor the following completely.

4.  $x^2 - x - 12 =$

$(x-4)(x+3)$

5.  $x^2 + 18xy + 81y^2 =$

$(x+9y)(x+9y)$

6.  $9x^3 + 36x^2 - 4x - 16 =$

$9x^2(x+4) - 4(x+4)$

7.  $16z^3 - z =$   
 $(16z^2 - 1) =$

$z(4z-1)(4z+1)$

8.  $6y^2 + 17y + 10 =$   
 $y^2 + 7y + 60$

$(y+12)(y+5) =$

$(y+2)(6y+5)$

9.  $t^3 - 64 =$   
 $(9x^2 - 4)(x+4)$

$(3x-2)(3x+2)(x+4)$

Solve the following by factoring and zero product property. Box all answers.

10.  $y^2 - 49 = 0$

$(y-7)(y+7) = 0$

$y = 7, -7$

13.  $4x^3 + 10x^2 - 24x = 0$

$x(2x^2 + 5x - 12) = 0$

$(x^2 + 5x - 12) = 0$

16.  $2t^4 + 16t = 0$

$2x(x+\frac{8}{2})(x-3)$

11.  $y^2 - 12y + 36 = 0$

$(y-6)(y-6) = 0$

$y = 6$

14.  $25z^2 - 144 = 0$

$(5z-12)(5z+12) = 0$

$z = \frac{12}{5}, -\frac{12}{5}$

12.  $x^2 - 16x - 36 = 0$

$(x-18)(x+2) = 0$

$x = 18, x = -2$

15.  $12y^2 - 19y + 60 = 0$

$y^2 - 19y + 60 = 0$

$(y-\frac{15}{12})(y-\frac{4}{12}) = 0$

$(y-\frac{5}{4})(y-\frac{1}{3}) = 0$

$(4y-5)(3y-1) = 0$

$y = \frac{5}{4}, y = \frac{1}{3}$

$2t(t^3 + 8) = 0$

$2t(t+2)(t^2 - 2t + 4)$

$t = 0, t = -2$